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NAUTILUS POLYURETHANE THINNER - SAFETY DATA SHEET - march 2018 - n°batch 066-AH - rev. 1/2018

# Safety data sheet

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name

**NAUTILUS POLYURETHANE THINNER** 

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use MARINA / NAUTICA

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Diluizione, sgrassaggio, preparazione di talune superfici	×	X	×

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier:

Cecchi Gustavo & C. srl - Via M. Coppino 253,

55049 Viareggio (LU) ITALY www.cecchi.it - info@cecchi.it

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

+39 0584/383694 - info@cecchi.it

From monday to friday office hours 8:30 - 12:30, 14:00 - 18:30

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
category 3		

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







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Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H315 Causes skin irritation.

**H335** May cause respiratory irritation.

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

**P501** Dispose of contents / container to . . .

Contains: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

Product not intended for uses provided for by Dir. 2004/42/CE.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

CAS 1330-20-7  $30 \le x < 40$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox.

4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3

H412, Note C

EC 215-535-7 INDEX 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX ETHYL,3-ETHOXY PROPIONATE

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CAS 763-69-9  $30 \le x < 40$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC 212-112-9

INDEX -

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

CAS 108-65-6  $10 \le x < 20$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC 203-603-9

INDEX 607-195-00-7

Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29-XXXX

**N-BUTYL ACETATE** 

CAS 123-86-4  $10 \le x < 20$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE

3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1

INDEX 607-025-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29-XXXX

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

CAS 100-41-4 7,5  $\leq$  x < 10 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox.

4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

**STOT RE 2 H373** 

EC 202-849-4 INDEX 601-023-00-4

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

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#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU Deutschland MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012

ESP España INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en

España 2015

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FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

TLV-ACG	SIH	ACGIH 2	016				
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF IS	OMERS)						
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			
.,,,,,	oouy	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100		
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
OEL	NLD	210		442		SKIN	
NDS	POL	100					
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		
Predicted no-effect concentration	on - PNEC						
Normal value in fresh water				0,327		mg/l	
Normal value in marine water				0,327		mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water se	ediment			12,46		mg/kg	
Normal value for marine water	sediment			12,46		mg/kg	
Normal value of STP microorga	anisms			6,58		mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial	compartment			2,31		mg/kg	
ETIM 2 ETHOM PROPI	ONATE						
ETHYL,3-ETHOXY PROPI Threshold Limit Value	ONATE						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	610	100	610	100		
MAK	DEU	610	100	610	100	SKIN	
N-BUTYL ACETATE							
Threshold Limit Value		<b>T</b> 144401		OTE: 445			
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			

N-BUTYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm

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MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200	
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200	
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
OEL	NLD	150				
NDS	POL	200		950		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150	

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLET	HYL ACETATE							
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
,,	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50			
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50			
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
OEL	NLD	550						
NDS	POL	260		520				
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect concentration	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,635	r	mg/l		
Normal value in marine water				0,0635	r	mg/l		
Normal value for fresh water se	diment			3,29	3,29 mg/kg			
Normal value for marine water s	sediment			0,329	r	mg/kg		
Normal value of STP microorga	nisms			100	r	mg/l		
Normal value for the terrestrial of	compartment			0,29	r	mg/kg		
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL  Effects on  consumers  Route of exposure					Effects on workers			
Oral			VND	1,67 mg/kg				
Inhalation			VND	33 mg/m3			VND	275 mg/m3
Skin			VND	54,8 mg/kg			VND	153,5 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE						
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN

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VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
OEL	NLD	215		430		SKIN
NDS	POL	200		400		
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

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Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colour

colourless

Odour characteristic of solvent

Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available > 35 °C Initial boiling point Boiling range Not available Flash point > 23 °C **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure 8,17 mmHg

Vapour density Not available Relative density 0.91

Solubility 20% BY WT IN WATER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature Not available T.F. 3 a 40°C < 30" Viscosity Explosive properties Not available Oxidising properties Not available

### 9.2. Other information

100,00 % - 908,32 g/litre 70,88 % - 643,77 g/litre VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): VOC (volatile carbon):

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

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The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

May develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

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In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

## Interactive effects

### N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:> 20 mg/l

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:>2000 mg/kg

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

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LD50 (Oral) 8530 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation)

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

LD50 (Oral) 3500 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) 15354 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) > 6400 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LD50 (Oral) 3523 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**CARCINOGENICITY** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000).

Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE** 

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

2-METHOXY-1-

METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea > 408 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l/72h EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic

**Plants** 

47,5 mg/l Oncothynchus mykiss Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 99 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / > 999 mg/l Selenastrum capricornutum

Aquatic Plants

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

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LC50 - for Fish > 4.2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea > 2.93 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-METHOXY-1-

METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL,3-ETHOXY PROPIONATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-METHOXY-1-

METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n- 1,2

octanol/water

ETHYL,3-ETHOXY PROPIONATE

Partition coefficient: n- 1,47

octanol/water

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

Partition coefficient: n- 3,6

octanol/water

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n- 2,3

octanol/water

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BCF 15,3

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n- 3,12

octanol/water

BCF 25,9

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: < 3

soil/water

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF

ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: 2,73

soil/water

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1263

IATA:

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT or PAINT

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Tunnel

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	RELATED
	MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT
	RELATED
	MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT
	RELATED

MATERIAL

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
			1

HIN - Kemler: 30

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

ADR / RID:

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Quantities: 5 restriction code: (D/E) Special Provision: -IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 IATA: Cargo: Maximum Packaging quantity: 220 instructions: 366 Pass.: Maximum Packaging quantity: 60 L instructions: 355 Special Instructions: A3, A72,

Limited

A192

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

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### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

Point 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (VwVwS 2005)

WGK 2: Hazard to waters

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

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Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H312Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- I C50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
   TLV CFILING: Concentration t
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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#### **GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.